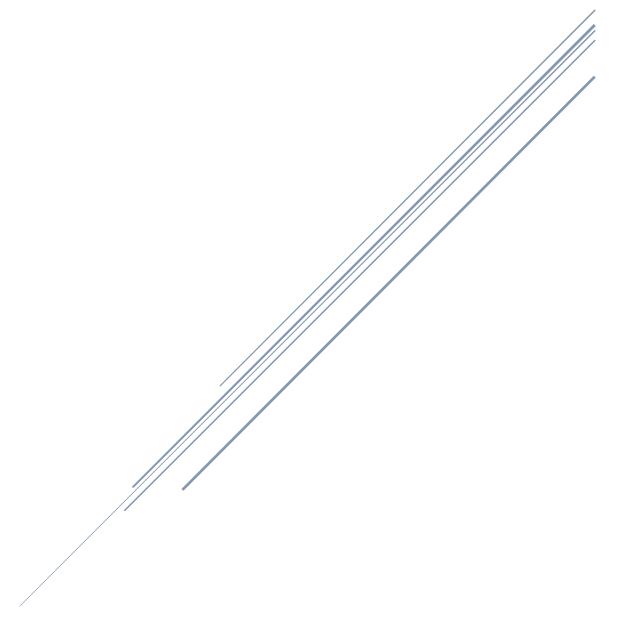
## THE GOSPEL OF JOHN

THE SCENES, SIGNS & SERMONS OF MESSIAH

Study Guide & Outline



Monument Leadership Institute

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#### An Overview of John's Gospel:

#### 1. About the Author

John a disciple and apostle of Christ Evangelist, pastor & theologian Son of Zebedee; son of thunder Fisherman by trade
Brother of James, cousin of Christ (?)
A young man when called
The apostle of love, 15:13
Lived nearly a century
The apostle whom Jesus loved, 13:23
Penned the gospel +/- 85 AD
Penned 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> John & Revelation

#### 2. John's Style

Universal in scope, 3:16-18, 36
Jewish in background, 1:11
Simple style, weighty in truth, 6:51
Pastoral, dealing with issues, 17:1ff
Reaches the depth of our pain, 8:1-11
Most thematic of the gospels, 1:1-18
Effectively presents salvation, 20:31
Very personal & warm, 4:1ff
Masterfully black & white, 3:36
Connects facts, explanations & evidences
Structure of a Roman play (Scenes & witnesses)

#### 3. Theology & Themes

Jesus Christ is the Son of God, 1:1-3 The Holy Spirit is God, 14:16, 17 Stresses simplicity of faith, 6:29 Promises of a future life, 14:1-6 Unique accounts of Christ, 11:1ff Different aspects of teaching, 10:1ff Strong Judean background, 2:13 Incredibly personal & detailed, 13-17 Dialogues w/disciples, 20:24; 21:15 Emphasis on the N.C., 1:17, 16:7 Jesus is the exalted Christ, 1:1; 21:25

#### 4. Unique Facts

Jesus has no genealogy
He is introduced as The Creator
He is introduced as God in the flesh
He is contrasted with Moses
He is the Word 'Logos' of God, 1:1-3, 14

He attends many feasts of Israel
He refers to Himself as the 7 "I AMS"
His 7 miracles are called signs
His priestly ministry is magnified, 17:1ff
Much of the letter references Jesus' dialogues
Jesus makes many claims about Himself, 8:58

#### 5. Why another Gospel so late in time?

John was motivated by Christ's love
He responded to church family needs
He desired Jesus' flock to be strong
He desired many lost sheep to be saved
He needed to share his account
He corrected false ideas about Christ
He expanded a simplicity & knowledgeable depth
He desired His Savior to be glorified

#### 6. The Prologue, the Foundation 1:1-18

#### **Jesus Christ Is:**

1, The Eternal God of the OT

3, The Creator in Genesis 1-3

4, 9, The Light of the World

4, Eternal Life

14, The Word or "Logos"

14, 18, The Only Begotten Son of God

7, 14, A Physical Man of Flesh & Blood

#### Other Facts:

11, Rejected by His Own

12, Promise of eternal sonship to all Peoples

6-8, 15, Witnessed by John the Baptizer

16, 17, Contrasted to the Law of Moses

#### **Key Words and Concepts:**

Word – Both Jesus' person and teaching (36) Beginning – Jesus' pre-incarnate existence

Life – Jesus, the eternal life in every way (32)

Light – Radiance of God's glory (16)

Darkness – The sinful state of mankind (6)

Witness – The proofs of Christ's person (14)

World – The focus of this Gospel (57)

Believe – A trusted acceptance of truth (85)

Father – Mainly ref. Jesus' Father in heaven (111)

Truth – Who Jesus is and what He taught (20)

Grace – Goodness of God (Seen in action)

Moses – The giver of the Law (12)

Law – Jewish covenant with God (13)

The Prologue lays the foundation and prepares the reader for the remainder of this Gospel

## AN OUTLINE BASED ON THE SCENES, SIGNS & SERMONS OF MESSIAH Part One: The Book of Signs

	<u>Part One: The Book of Signs</u>	
Prologue, 1:1-18	The Foundational Facts	
<b>Scene 1</b> , 1:19-34	The Initial Witness of John the Baptizer	
<b>Scene 2</b> , 1:35-51	The Witness of Disciples	
Scene 3, 2:1-12	Sign #1, The Water turned into Wine	
<b>Scene 4</b> , 2:13-25	The Temple Cleansing	
Scene 5, 3:1-21	The Witness of Nicodemus	
	Discourse #1	
<b>Scene 6</b> , 3:22-36	The Continued Witness of John the Baptizer	
<b>Scene 7</b> , 4:1-45	The Witness of the Samaritan Woman	
	<u>Discourse #2</u> The Witness of the Samaritan people	
<b>Scene 8</b> , 4:46-54	Sign #2, The Healing of the Nobleman's Son	
Scene 9, 5:1-47	Sign #3, The Healing of the Paralytic	
<b>Sectic 3</b> , 5.1 47	Discourse #3	
Scene 10, 6:1-71	Sign #4, The Feeding of the 5,000 Men	
	Discourse #4	
	1st "I Am the Bread of Life"	
	Sign #5, Jesus Walking on Water	
Scene 11, 7:1-53	The Witness of the Jewish Crowds  Discourse #5	
Scene 12, 8:1-59	The Witness of Grace & Truth	
Scelle 12, 8.1-33	Discourse #6	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> "I Am the Light of the World"	
Scene 13, 9:1-10:4	<b>12 Sign #6</b> , The Healing of the Blind Man	
	The Witness of the Blind Man/Crowds	
<u>Discourse #7</u> 3 <sup>rd</sup> "I Am the Door"		
	4 <sup>th</sup> "I Am the Good Shepherd"	
Scene 14, 11:1-57	Sign #7, The Raising of Lazarus	
	5 <sup>th</sup> "I Am the Resurrection and the Life"	
Scene 15, 12:1-50	The Last Earthly Days of Jesus the Messiah	
Part Two: The Book of Glory (Future Class)		
Scene 1, 13:1-14:3	31 The Personal Upper Room Teachings	
	6th "I Am the Way, The Truth &The Life"	
Scene 2, 15:1-16:33 The Path to Gethsemane		
	The Personal Teachings Continued	
	7th "I Am the True Vine"	
Scene 3, 17:1-26	The Lord's Passionate Prayer	
Scene 4, 18:1-42	The Meek & Humble Path to Calvary	
Scene 5, 20:1-31	The Witnesses of THE RESURRECTION	
Scene 6, 21:1-25	The Manifestation of Messiah's Glory	

#### THE WORD (LOGOS) OF GOD

"That which was from the beginning, which we have heard, which we have seen with our eyes, which we have looked upon, and our hands have handled, concerning the **Word of life** - the life was manifested, and we have seen, and bear witness, and declare to you that eternal life which was with the Father and was manifested to us - that which we have seen and heard we declare to you..." 1 Jn 1:1-3

#### The Hebrew Concept of the "Logos"

God's word was His active divine agent

**Created** - "By the word of the Lord the heavens were made." Psalm 33:6

**Revealed** - "After these things the word of the LORD came to Abram..." Genesis 15:1

**Authorized** - "Because he has despised the word of the LORD...". Numbers 15:31

**Judged** – "...I have slain them by the words of My mouth..." Hosea 6:5

**Healed** - "He sent His word and healed them..." Psalm 107:20

Crusader - "He sends out His command to the earth; His word runs very swiftly." Psalm 147:15

**Truth** – "The sum of Your word is truth..." Psalm 119:160

**Eternal** – "...And every one of Your righteous ordinances is everlasting." Psalm 119:160

**Wisdom** – "For the LORD gives wisdom; from His mouth come knowledge and understanding." Pr. 2:6

**Note:** Possibly the OT term 'the word of the Lord' referred to Jesus Christ in his pre-incarnate state. And that God himself is the word insofar as the word is the expression of his revelation.

In Targums (popular Aramaic paraphrases, interpretations of the Hebrew Scripture), there is a felt need for a mediator to stand between them and God. The greatest mediator was defined as the 'word.' But these translations never identified the 'word' as a person, nor related it to the Messiah.

For the Hebrew people, 'the word of the Lord' has a long history and was very active in their lives. It is how God communicated and dealt with them; it was how he rescued them. 'The word' was their mediator.

#### The Greek Concept of the "Logos"

If there was a development of the word **Logos** within the Hebrew culture, there was also a parallel movement among the Greeks. The concept of Logos became important to the Greeks with the emergence of philosophy and rationality around 600 BC. The Logos theory took a wide meaning among the Greeks. It became the content that was in a law, the thoughts of expression, it was details, it was definition. It also carried the idea of metaphysical (unseen) reality.

#### In Conclusion:

Both the Greek and Hebrew belief systems prepared the way for the coming of the Apostle John's Logos. The Logos had been in use among the Hebrews for hundreds of years in a Biblical way. The Logos had been in use among the Greeks for six hundred years in a speculative abstract way. The Greeks and Hebrews did emphasize their doctrine of Logos; both belief systems saw a world in need of a mediator; both systems had attributed the interaction between man and the divine through the means of the Logos.

Although mankind developed many Logos theories and tried with difficulty to define its nature and being, it fell quite short of the true or ultimate reality of the Logos. The Apostle John articulated its ultimate meaning when he personified the Logos in the Lord Jesus Christ. The Logos was given as a title to the Savior of the world, for it expressed who He truly was in complete essence more than any other term. The Logos of John was the perfect and eternal Son of God; the Creator, the Mediator, the Sustainer, and the fulfillment of all that the Logos was to Jews and Greeks alike. He was in every way the perfect and complete expression of the Father. He was more than any Jewish theologian or Greek philosopher ever imagined or comprehended the Logos to be. To everyone in this world, the Apostle John introduced the true Word of God as witnessed in Jesus Christ and spoken throughout his entire gospel letter!

### THE SCENES, SIGNS & SERMONS OF MESSIAH

#### Part One: The Book of Signs

"We know also that the Son of God has come and has given us understanding, so that we may know him who is true. And we are in him who is true by being in his Son Jesus Christ.

He is the true God and eternal life." 1 John 5:20

#### **Prologue, 1:1-18** The Foundational Facts

A. Jesus, the Eternal God, 1-5, 14, 17-18

Genesis 1:1a, "In the beginning God..." John 1:1-2, "In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. He was in the beginning with God."

<u>Genesis 1:1b</u>, "...created the heavens and the earth." <u>John 1:3</u>, "All things came into being through Him, and apart from Him nothing came into being that has come into being."

<u>Gen 1:3-5</u>, "Then God said, 'Let there be light'; and there was light. God saw that the light was good; and God separated the light from the darkness. God called the light day, and the darkness He called night. And there was evening and there was morning, one day.

<u>John 1:4, 5, 9</u>, "In Him was life, and the life was the Light of men. The Light shines in the darkness, and the darkness did not comprehend it. There was the true Light which, coming into the world, enlightens every man."

В.	B. The Witness of the Eternal God, 1:6-8, 15, 27			
<b>Vs 1.</b> D	Vs 1. Describe the Word:			
	compare John 1:1 F. Conocis 1:1 F 9. 1 Jo			
Keau &	compare John 1:1-5; Genesis 1:1-5 & 1 Jo	nn 1:1-2 and note the similarities:		
<b>1-3.</b> W	hy does John omit any type of genealogy?			
	<b>0.</b> Key truths about The Word:			
Explain	why Jesus cannot be separated from God	's word?		
Vss 11-	13. Who were his own people?			
Vs 14.	(Read vs 1) Who was the Word?	He was full of	&	

# Scene 1, 1:19-34 The Initial Witness of John the Baptizer A. John's Confession to the Jewish Leaders, 19-28 (Day 1) B. John's Introduction of the Lamb of God, 29-34 (Day 2) In this section what did John the Baptizer confess about himself? Why was John's humble confession important? \_\_\_\_\_\_ In this section what did John the Baptizer confess about Christ? \_\_\_\_\_\_ Scene 2, 1:35-51 The Witness of Disciples A. The Initial Calling of Disciples the, 35-42 (Day 3) B. The Continued Calling of Disciples, 43-51 (Day 4) Observations from Scene 2? Scene 3, 2:1-12 Sign #1, The Water turned into Wine A. The Situation in Cana of Galilee (8 km NW of Nazareth), 1-6 (Day 7) B. Jesus Power Over Creation, and the Beginning of Signs, 7-11 C. The Days in Capernaum, 12 **5 observations** from Scene 3?

#### Scene 4, 2:13-25 The Temple Cleansing (1st Passover, Mar/Apr)

- A. Jesus the Righteous King Cleanses His Fathers Temple, 13-17
  - \* Also read Matthew 21:12-17; Mark 11:15-18 & Luke 19:45-46 (All 3 were later in Jesus' ministry)
- B. Jesus Prophetically Declares His Death & Resurrection, 18-22 (1st mention of His death)
  - \* John uses the term "The Jews" whereas the other Gospels use the terms "Pharisees or Sadducees"
- C. Jesus Refuses to Entrust Himself to the People, 23-25

Why did John consider this temple cleansing important?
Compare the reactions of the disciples & the Jews:
Why did Jesus speak metaphorically (in indirect terms)?
Why did Jesus refuse to commit Himself to the people?
What has been an encouragement to you in Chapters 1 & 2?
Scene 5, 3:1-21 The Witness of Nicodemus
A. Nicodemus Came to Jesus with Questions, 1-9 (Coming of the New Covenant)  "Then I will sprinkle clean water on you, and you shall be clean; I will cleanse you from all your filthiness and from all your idols. I will give you a new heart and put a new spirit within you; I will take the heart of stone our of your flesh and give you a heart of flesh. I will put My Spirit within you and cause you to walk in My statutes and you will keep My judgments and do them."  Eze. 36:25-27
B. Nicodemus is Challenged to Believe, 10-21
<u>Discourse #1 (10-21)</u>
In one word, what is the theme of discourse #1?
In biblical terms, define "Born Again:"
Why would Nicodemus need to be born again; born of the Spirit?
Why did Jesus use the story in Numbers 21:4-9?
Why is this portion of Scripture important to the Gospel?

#### Scene 6, 3:22-36 The Continued Witness of John the Baptizer

- A. The Situation with Jesus & John the Baptizer, 22-26
- B. Further Testimony of John the Baptizer, 27-37

<b>Explain</b> the importance of John's clear and simple testimony:	

#### Scene 7, 4:1-45 The Witness of the Samaritan Woman & Samaritan Community

- A. Jesus, the All-Knowing Went out of His Way, 1-6 (Consider John 3:16)
- B. Jesus, the All-Loving Engaged with an Unclean Samaritan, 7-15
- C. Jesus, the All-Knowing Touches Upon Her Condition, 16-18
- D. Jesus, the All-Loving Leads Her to Himself and Salvation, 19-26
- E. Jesus, the Disciples, and the Woman's Responses, 27-38

#### **Discourse #2 (31-38)**

F. The Witness of the Samaritans, 39-42

In three words or less, what is the theme of discourse #2? _	
What truth encourages you from Scene 7?	

#### A Comparison between Nicodemus & the Woman at the Well

When they meet Jesus		
A male Jewish elected official	A <b>female Samaritan</b> rejected offender	
A religious leader & teacher of God's chosen	A struggling sinner & outcast of her people	
He is named & honored by his people	She is unnamed & dishonored by her people	
He was educated, clean & devout	She would be thought untaught, dirty &	
	damaged	
He comes to Jesus at night (darkness of mind)	She meets Jesus at noon (lightens her mind)	
He came to that which was his own, but his own did not receive him. John 1:11		

After meeting Jesus		
Confused & slow to respond	Perceptive & quick to respond	
Thinks Jesus a teacher from God	Thinks Jesus a prophet	
Questions Jesus' teaching & pulls away	Responds to Jesus' teaching & engages with Him	
Does not ask to be born again	Asks for the Living Water	
Remains quiet & unchanged	Responds in faith & is changed	
He leaves remaining in his sin	She leaves liberated from her sin	
He is silent	She preaches the Messiah	
His people remain in unbelief	Her people respond to Jesus (Acts 8:4-17)	

Yet to all who did receive him, to those who believed in his name, he gave the right to become children of God – children born not of natural descent, nor of human decision or a husband's will, but born of God. John 1:12

What can we learn from Jesus' ministry regarding these two different people, and live it ourselves?		
Scene 8, 4:46-54 Sign #2, The Healing of the Nobleman's Son		
A. Jesus Moves on from Samaria, 43-45		
B. Nobleman's Plea for Help, 46-49		
C. Jesus Power Over Sickness, 50-51		
D. Nobleman's Response, 52-53		
E. John Affirms Sign #2, 54		
Why is a prophet not accepted in his own country (Read Luke 4:16-30)?		
Why was Jesus frustrated with the Jews' desire for a Sign (Read John 20:29)?		
Scene 9, 5:1-47 Sign #3, The Healing of the Paralytic (An unnamed Jewish Feast)  A. Jesus, in Jerusalem Engages the Lame Man, 1-6  B Jesus Heals the Lame Man On the Sabbath, 7-9  C. The Jews Engage the Healed Man, 10-13  D. The Jews' Persecution of Jesus & Their Reasons To Do So, 14-18  Note: First mention in John of the Jew's desire to kill Jesus.		
Why is Jesus being persecuted and why such hostility?		
Discourse #3 (19-47)		
E. Jesus's Character, Position and Authority, 19-30		
List at least 5 truths revealing Jesus's equality with His Father:		
List at least 5 truths revealing Christ's position as a Son:		

### F. Introduction to the Fourfold Witness of Christ, 31-32 G. Witness of John the Baptizer, 33-35 H. Witness of Christ's Miracles, 36 I. Witness of God the Father, 37-38 J. Witness of the Holy Scriptures, 39-47 Scene 10, 6:1-71 Sign #4, The Feeding of the 5,000 Men (2<sup>nd</sup> Passover, Mar/Apr) A. The Setting of the Feeding of the 5,000, 1-12 B The People's Recognition of The Prophet (New Moses), 13-14 C. Jesus' Awareness of the People's Hearts, 15 Sign #5, Jesus Walking on Water D. Jesus' Power Over the Natural Realm, 16-21 E. The People's Self-seeking Pursuit of Jesus, 22-25 F. Jesus Engages the People, 26-34 List at least 3 truths from vss. 26-34: \_\_\_\_\_ Discourse #4 (35-59), 1st "I AM the Bread of Life" G. Jesus is the Keeper and Satisfier of the Soul, 35-40 H. Jewish People Doubt the Claim of Christ, 41-42 I. Jesus challenges and expands the Truth of Who He Is, 43-51 J. Jesus Difficult Words, Not Easily Understood, 52-59 **List** the parallels between Jesus and Moses/Manna: K. Conclusion to the Discourse, 60-65 L. Reality of Jesus' Calling, 66-71 What is encouraging about Peter's response?

#### Scene 11, 7:1-53 The Witness of the Jewish Crowds (Feast of Booths, Sep/Oct)

A. Jesus' Wise Caution Regarding Jerusalem, 1-13

What was the brother's response?

Why were the leaders looking for Jesus? \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### **Discourse #5 (14-39)**

- B. Jesus Begins Teaching in the Temple Courts, 14-18
- C. Jesus Calls out the People's Hypocrisy, 19-24
- D. Confusion Among the Crowd, 25-27
- E. Jesus Declares His Calling from Above, 28-29

G. Jesus' Gracious N.C. Promise to the People, 37-39		
H. The Arguing and Struggle Among the People, 40-53		
Who are all the people noted in this chapter?		
What were their many ideas of who Jesus was?		
(Comparing the introduction/foundation (1:1-18) with chapters 1-7)		
Jesus Christ Is:		
1, The Eternal God of the OT: 1:15, 30 pre-existence; 6:41, 51, 58 from heaven;		
3, The Creator in Genesis 1-3: 2:11, 4:54 signs;;;		
4, 9, The Light of the World: 3 & 4, Nicodemus & the Samaritans;;;		
4, Eternal Life: 3:16 Giver of life; 4:14 living water;;;		
14, The Word or "Logos": 3:35, 5:17-26 Jesus' authority;;;;		
14, 18, The Only Begotten Son of God: 3:16, 18, 7:29;;		
7, 14, A Physical Man of Flesh & Blood: 2:3 mother; 4:6 tired; 1:51 Son of man;		
Other Facts:         11, Rejected by His Own: 5:18;;		
Key Words:  Darkness: 3:19 condition of sinners;;;		
World: 3:16 appeal to sinners;;;		
Believe: 2:11 disciples faith; 3:36 way of accepting Christ;;		
Father: 3:35, 5:20 Father's intimate love for His Son;;;		
Grace & Truth: 3 & 4 Nicodemus & Samaritans;;		
Scene 12, 8:1-59 The Witness of Grace & Truth		
A. Jesus Forgiving the Sinner, 1-11		
Note the wisdom of Jesus:		
Note the grace of Jesus:		
Note the awareness of Jesus:		
Note the truth of Jesus:		

F. Belief, Unbelief and Confusion among the People, 30-36 (Reality of Resurrection)

#### Discourse #6 (12-59), 2nd "I AM the Light of the World"

- B. Jesus' Amazing Declaration, 12 (Reflect upon Chap. 1 regarding the light)
- C. Jesus' Response to the Pharisees, 13-20
- D. Jesus Again Speaks in Riddles Regarding His Death and Resurrection, 21-30
- E. Jesus Challenges the Core Beliefs of the Crowd, 31-47 (Read 1:11-13)
- F. Jesus Exposes the Pride and Unbelief of the People, 48-59

Note the key elements of Discourse #6: _	
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## Scene 13, 9:1-10:42 Sign #6, The Healing of the Blind Man The Witness of the Blind Man and the Crowds

- A. Introduction to the Blind Man. 1-5
- B. The Healing of the Blind Man, 6-7

"Arise, shine; for your light has come, and the glory of the Lord has risen upon you. For behold, darkness will cover the earth and deep darkness the peoples; But the Lord will rise upon you and His glory will appear upon you. Nations will come to your light, and kings to the brightness of your rising." Isaiah 60:1-3

- C. The Initial Reaction of His Neighbors, 8-12
- D. The Initial Inquiry by the Pharisees, 13-17
- E. The Interrogation of His Parents, 18-23
- F. The Second Inquiry of the Blind Man, 24-34
- G. The Belief of the Blind Man, 35-38
- H. The Unbelief of the Pharisees, 39-41

How did Jesus prove He is the Light of the World?	
How did the blind man and crowd witness Christ's person?	

### Discourse #7, 3rd "I Am the Door" & 4th "I AM the Good Shepherd"

- A. Jesus Introduces His discourse, 1-6
- B. Jesus Claims to be **THE DOOR**, 7-10 (See page 15 illustration)
- C. Jesus Claims to be THE GOOD SHEPHERD, 11-18
- D. Continued Doubt and Unbelief of the Hearers, 19-21
- E. Jews Want Surety of His Claims, 22-24 (Jewish Feast of Dedication, Nov/Dec, Not in The Law)
- F. Jesus Proclaims His Power and Authority, 25-30
- G. Jesus Challenges Their Unbelief, 31-39
- H. Those Who Did Believe, 40-42

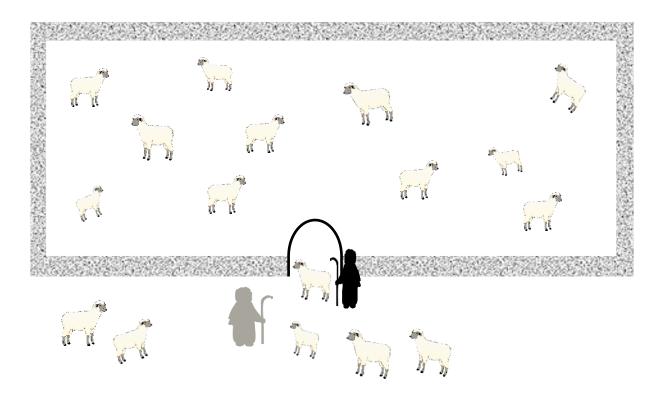
Explain how Jesus is THE DOOR and THE GOOD SHEPHERD:	

Scene 14, 11:1-57 Sign #7, The Raising of Lazarus, 5 <sup>TH</sup> " <a href="IAM">IAM</a> the Resurrection and the Life"  A. The Sad Situation in Bethany, 1-7  B. Jesus Teaches and Prepares His Disciples, 8-16  C. Jesus and His Disciples Enter Bethany, 17-20					
			D. Jesus Talks with Martha, 21-27 E. Jesus Talks with Mary and Others, 28-34 F. Jesus is Filled with Deep Emotional Concern, 35-38 G. Jesus Reaffirming Martha and Others, 39-40 H. Jesus Authority Over the Grave and Death, 41-44 I. The Mixed Results of Belief and Greater Unbelief, 45-54 J. The Beginning of The End of Jesus Walk Among His People, 55-57 (3 <sup>rd</sup> Passover, Mar/Apr)		
					Explain why Chapter 11 is important:
Scene 15, 12:1-50 The Last Earthly Days of Jesus the Messiah (3rd Passover, Mar/Apr)					
A. Six Days Before Passover, 1-11					
B. The Next Day, Palm Sunday, 12-19					
1. The Fulfillment of OT Scripture					
2. The Assurance of Those Who Witnessed Lazarus Vs. the Frustration of the Leaders					
C. The Value of True Living, Reflected in the Reality of the Seed Principle, 20-27					
Explain the practical reality of the seed illustration:					
D. The Witness of the Father, 28-30					
E. Jesus Last Declarations to the Jewish Crowds, 31-50					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6.					

The Messianic allusions to Jesus' signs, teachings, and offer to His people (Page 15)

Write a summary of what you have learned from this class:		

### **Sheep Pen Illustration**



#### The Messianic allusions to Jesus' signs, teachings, and offer to His people, Isaiah 55

- <sup>1</sup> "Come, all you who are thirsty, come to the waters; and you who have no money, come, buy and eat! Come, buy wine and milk without money and without cost.
- <sup>2</sup> Why spend money on what is not bread, and your labor on what does not satisfy? Listen, listen to me, and eat what is good, and you will delight in the richest of fare.
- <sup>3</sup> Give ear and come to me; listen, that you may live. I will make an everlasting covenant with you, my faithful love promised to David.
- <sup>4</sup> See, I have made him a witness to the peoples, a ruler and commander of the peoples.
- <sup>5</sup> Surely you will summon nations you know not, and nations you do not know will come running to you, because of the LORD your God, the Holy One of Israel, for he has endowed you with splendor."
- <sup>6</sup> Seek the LORD while he may be found; call on him while he is near.
- <sup>7</sup> Let the wicked forsake their ways and the unrighteous their thoughts. Let them turn to the LORD, and he will have mercy on them, and to our God, for he will freely pardon.
- <sup>8</sup> "For my thoughts are not your thoughts, neither are your ways my ways," declares the LORD.
- <sup>9</sup> "As the heavens are higher than the earth, so are my ways higher than your ways and my thoughts than your thoughts.
- <sup>10</sup> As the rain and the snow come down from heaven, and do not return to it without watering the earth and making it bud and flourish, so that it yields seed for the sower and bread for the eater,
- <sup>11</sup> so is my word that goes out from my mouth: It will not return to me empty, but will accomplish what I desire and achieve the purpose for which I sent it.
- <sup>12</sup> You will go out in joy and be led forth in peace; the mountains and hills will burst into song before you, and all the trees of the field will clap their hands.
- <sup>13</sup> Instead of the thornbush will grow the juniper, and instead of briers the myrtle will grow.
- This will be for the LORD's renown, for an everlasting sign, that will endure forever."